# How much TailorX and rXponder trials do change the treatment spectrum of HR positive breast cancer?

Safa najafi MD

Hematologist/oncologist

Motamed cancer institute

Associated professor

## TailorX trial

# The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

**ESTABLISHED IN 1812** 

JULY 12, 2018

VOL. 379 NO. 2

## Adjuvant Chemotherapy Guided by a 21-Gene Expression Assay in Breast Cancer

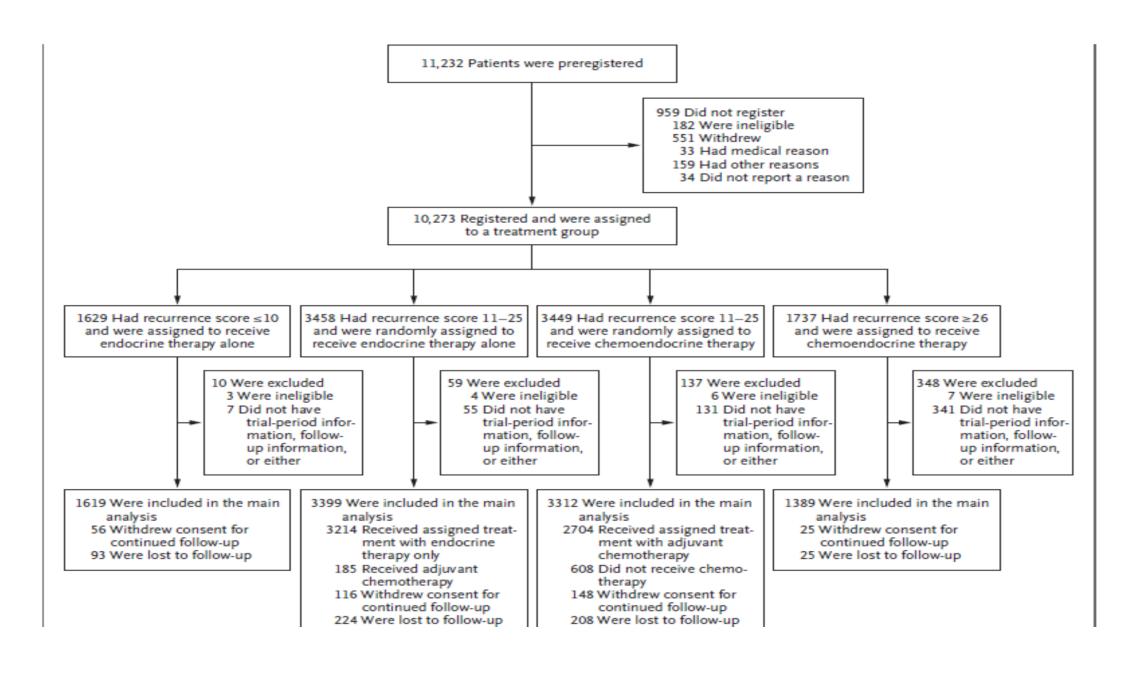
J.A. Sparano, R.J. Gray, D.F. Makower, K.I. Pritchard, K.S. Albain, D.F. Hayes, C.E. Geyer, Jr., E.C. Dees, M.P. Goetz J.A. Olson, Jr., T. Lively, S.S. Badve, T.J. Saphner, L.I. Wagner, T.J. Whelan, M.J. Ellis, S. Paik, W.C. Wood, P.M. Ravdin, M.M. Keane, H.L. Gomez Moreno, P.S. Reddy, T.F. Goggins, I.A. Mayer, A.M. Brufsky, D.L. Toppmeyer, V.G. Kaklamani, J.L. Berenberg, J. Abrams, and G.W. Sledge, Jr.

# The Trial Assigning Individualized Options for Treatment (TAILORX)

when the recurrence score is low (0 to 10), it is prognostic for a very low rate of distant recurrence (2%) at 10 years that is not likely to be affected by adjuvant chemotherapy.

The recurrence score based on the 21-gene assay ranges from 0 to 100 and is predictive of chemotherapy benefit when it is high, whether a high score is defined as 31 or higher, or 26 or higher.

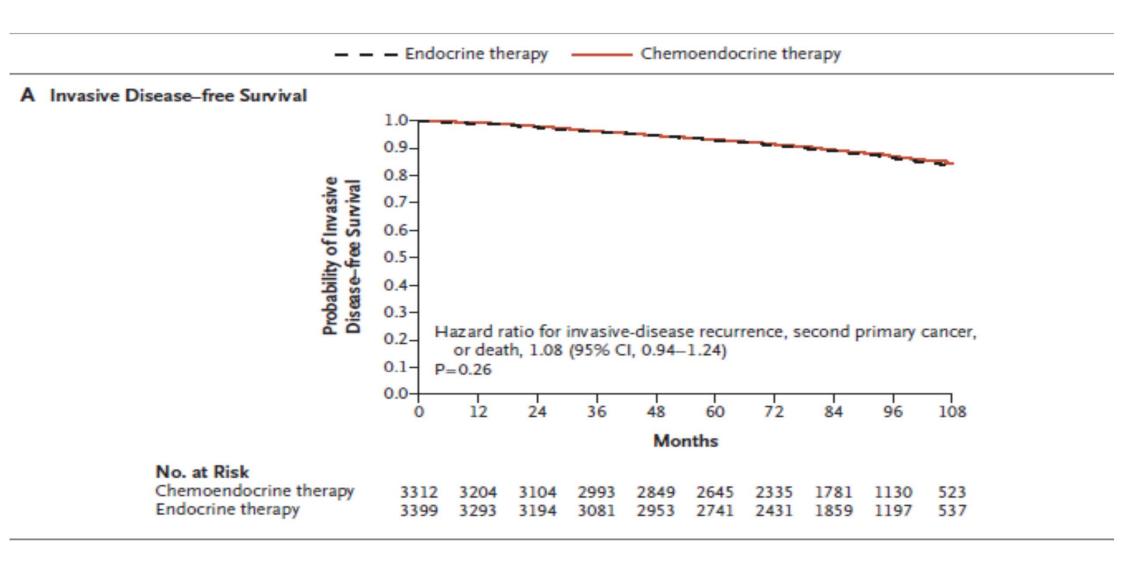
The Trial Assigning Individualized Options for Treatment (TAILORx) was designed to address these gaps in our knowledge by determining whether chemotherapy is beneficial for women with a mid-range recurrence score of 11 to 25.



#### 1. Characteristics of the Patients in the Intention-to-Treat Population at Baseline.\*

| acteristic  | Recurrence Score of ≤10         | Recurrence Score of 11–25       |   | Recurrence Score of                    |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
|   | Endocrine Therapy<br>(N = 1619) | Endocrine Therapy<br>(N – 3399) | Chemoendocrine<br>Therapy<br>(N = 3312) | Chemoendocrir<br>Therapy<br>(N – 1389) |
| ian age (range) — yr                                | 58 (25-75)                      | 55 (23-75)                      | 55 (25-75)                              | 56 (23-75)                             |
| s50 yr — no. (%)                                    | 429 (26)                        | 1139 (34)                       | 1077 (33)                               | 409 (29)                               |
| opausal status — no. (%)†                           |                                 |                                 |   |  |
| remenopausal  | 478 (30)                        | 1212 (36)                       | 1203 (36)                               | 407 (29)                               |
| ostmenopausal                                       | 1141 (70)                       | 2187 (64)                       | 2109 (64)                               | 982 (71)                               |
| or size in the largest dimension —<br>cm‡           |                                 |                                 |   |  |
| ledian (IQR)  | 1.5 (1.2-2.0)                   | 1.5 (1.2-2.0)                   | 1.5 (1.2-2.0)                           | 1.7 (1.3-2.3)                          |
| lean  | 1.74±0.76                       | 1.71±0.81                       | 1.71±0.77                               | 1.88±0.99                              |
| ologic grade of tumor — no./total<br>no. (%)        |                                 |                                 |   |  |
| ow  | 530/1572 (34)                   | 959/3282 (29)                   | 934/3216 (29)                           | 89/1363 (7)                            |
| ntermediate   | 931/1572 (59)                   | 1884/3282 (57)                  | 1837/3216 (57)                          | 590/1363 (43)                          |
| ligh  | 111/1572 (7)                    | 439/3282 (13)                   | 445/3216 (14)                           | 681/1363 (50)                          |
| gen-receptor expression — no. (%)                   |                                 |                                 |   |  |
| legative  | 5 (<1)                          | 6 (<1)                          | 3 (<1)                                  | 40 (3)                                 |
| ositive   | 1614 (>99)                      | 3393 (>99)                      | 3309 (>99)                              | 1349 (97)                              |
| esterone-receptor expression —<br>no./total no. (%) |                                 |                                 |   |  |
| legative  | 28/1583 (2)                     | 267/3339 (8)                    | 251/3240 (8)                            | 405/1353 (30)                          |
| ositive   | 1555/1583 (98)                  | 3072/3339 (92)                  | 2989/3240 (92)                          | 948/1353 (70)                          |
| al risk — no./total no. (%)§                        |                                 |                                 |   |  |
| ow  | 1227/1572 (78)                  | 2440/3282 (74)                  | 2359/3214 (73)                          | 589/1359 (43)                          |
| ligh  | 345/1572 (22)                   | 842/3282 (26)                   | 855/3214 (27)                           | 770/1359 (57)                          |
| ary surgery — no. (%)                               |                                 |                                 |   |  |
| lastectomy  | 516 (32)                        | 935 (28)                        | 917 (28)                                | 368 (26)                               |
| reast conservation                                  | 1103 (68)                       | 2464 (72)                       | 2395 (72)                               | 1021 (74)                              |
| vant chemotherapy — no. (%)                         |                                 |                                 |   |  |
| es  | 8 (0.5)                         | 185 (5.4)                       | 2704 (81.6)                             | 1300 (93.6)                            |
| lo  | 1611 (99.5)                     | 3214 (94.6)                     | 608 (18.4)                              | 89 (6.4)                               |

## **IDFS**



## Metastatic free survival

#### B Freedom from Recurrence at a Distant Site

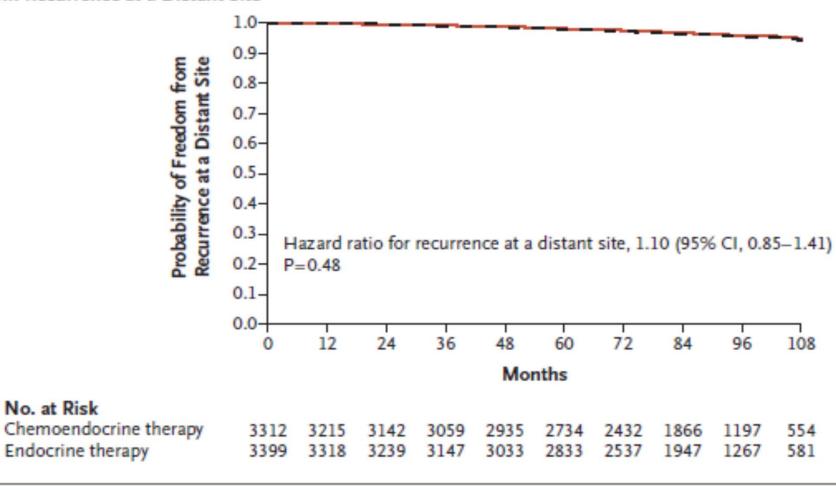


Table 2. Estimated Survival Rates According to Recurrence Score and Assigned Treatment in the Intention-to-Treat Population.\*

| End Point and Treatment Group  | Rate at 5 Yr | Rate at 9 Yr |
|--|--------------|--------------|
|  | perd         | cent         |
| Invasive disease-free survival†  |              |              |
| Score of ≤10, endocrine therapy  | 94.0±0.6     | 84.0±1.3     |
| Score of 11-25, endocrine therapy  | 92.8±0.5     | 83.3±0.9     |
| Score of 11-25, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 93.1±0.5     | 84.3±0.8     |
| Score of ≥26, chemoendocrine therapy   | 87.6±1.0     | 75.7±2.2     |
| Freedom from recurrence of breast cancer<br>at a distant site                |              |              |
| Score of ≤10, endocrine therapy  | 99.3±0.2     | 96.8±0.7     |
| Score of 11-25, endocrine therapy  | 98.0±0.3     | 94.5±0.5     |
| Score of 11-25, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 98.2±0.2     | 95.0±0.5     |
| Score of ≥26, chemoendocrine therapy   | 93.0±0.8     | 86.8±1.7     |
| Freedom from recurrence of breast cancer at a distant or local-regional site |              |              |
| Score of ≤10, endocrine therapy  | 98.8±0.3     | 95.0±0.8     |
| Score of 11-25, endocrine therapy  | 96.9±0.3     | 92.2±0.6     |
| Score of 11-25, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 97.0±0.3     | 92.9±0.6     |
| Score of ≥26, chemoendocrine therapy   | 91.0±0.8     | 84.8±1.7     |
| Overall survival   |              |              |
| Score of ≤10, endocrine therapy  | 98.0±0.4     | 93.7±0.8     |
| Score of 11-25, endocrine therapy  | 98.0±0.2     | 93.9±0.5     |
| Score of 11-25, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 98.1±0.2     | 93.8±0.5     |
| Score of ≥26, chemoendocrine therapy   | 95.9±0.6     | 89.3±1.4     |

Table 3. Estimated Survival Rates According to Recurrence Score and Assigned Treatment among Women 50 Years of Age or Younger in the Intention-to-Treat Population.\*

| End Point and Treatment Group  | Rate at 5 Yr   | Rate at 9 Yr   |
|--|----------------|----------------|
|  | pero           | cent           |
| Invasive disease-free survival†  |                |                |
| Score of ≤10, endocrine therapy  | $95.1 \pm 1.1$ | 87.4±2.0       |
| Score of 11-15, endocrine therapy  | $95.1 \pm 1.1$ | 85.7±2.2       |
| Score of 11-15, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | $94.3 \pm 1.3$ | 89.2±1.9       |
| Score of 16-20, endocrine therapy  | $92.0 \pm 1.3$ | 80.6±2.5       |
| Score of 16-20, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | $94.7 \pm 1.1$ | 89.6±1.7       |
| Score of 21-25, endocrine therapy  | $86.3 \pm 2.3$ | 79.2±3.3       |
| Score of 21-25, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | $92.1 \pm 1.8$ | 85.5±3.0       |
| Score of ≥26, chemoendocrine therapy   | 86.4±1.9       | 80.3±2.9       |
| Freedom from recurrence of breast cancer at<br>a distant site                |                |                |
| Score of ≤10, endocrine therapy  | 99.7±0.3       | 98.5±0.8       |
| Score of 11-15, endocrine therapy  | 98.8±0.6       | 97.2±1.0       |
| Score of 11-15, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 98.5±0.7       | 98.0±0.8       |
| Score of 16-20, endocrine therapy  | 98.1±0.7       | $93.6 \pm 1.4$ |
| Score of 16-20, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 98.9±0.5       | 95.2±1.3       |
| Score of 21-25, endocrine therapy  | 93.2±1.7       | 86.9±2.9       |
| Score of 21-25, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 96.4±1.2       | 93.4±2.3       |
| Score of ≥26, chemoendocrine therapy   | $91.1 \pm 1.6$ | $88.7 \pm 2.1$ |
| Freedom from recurrence of breast cancer at a distant or local-regional site |                |                |
| Score of ≤10, endocrine therapy  | 98.4±0.6       | $95.4 \pm 1.3$ |
| Score of 11-15, endocrine therapy  | 97.5±0.8       | 93.3±1.6       |
| Score of 11-15, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 97.2±0.9       | 94.4±1.5       |
| Score of 16-20, endocrine therapy  | 95.7±1.0       | 89.6±1.9       |
| Score of 16-20, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 97.2±0.8       | $93.0 \pm 1.5$ |
| Score of 21-25, endocrine therapy  | 89.8±2.0       | 82.0±3.2       |
| Score of 21-25, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 94.2±1.6       | 90.7±2.5       |
| Score of ≥26, chemoendocrine therapy   | 88.6±1.8       | 86.1±2.2       |
| Overall survival   |                |                |
| Score of ≤10, endocrine therapy  | 100.0          | 98.6±0.9       |
| Score of 11-15, endocrine therapy  | 99.3±0.4       | 96.8±1.0       |
| Score of 11-15, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 98.9±0.6       | 97.5±0.9       |
| Score of 16-20, endocrine therapy  | 98.6±0.6       | $95.8 \pm 1.2$ |
| Score of 16-20, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 99.8±0.2       | 96.1±1.2       |
| Score of 21-25, endocrine therapy  | 98.2±0.9       | 92.7±2.0       |
| Score of 21-25, chemoendocrine therapy                                       | 98.3±0.8       | $93.9 \pm 1.9$ |
| Score of ≥26, chemoendocrine therapy   | $95.6 \pm 1.1$ | 92.4±1.9       |
|  |                |                |

# Take home message for Premenopausal patients with score 16 to 25

• Exploratory analyses indicated that chemotherapy was associated with some benefit for women 50 years of age or younger who had a recurrence score of 16 to 25 (a range of scores that was found in 46% of women in this age group). A greater treatment effect from adjuvant chemotherapy has been noted in younger women,7 which may be at least partly explained by an antiestrogenic effect associated with premature menopause induced by chemotherapy.

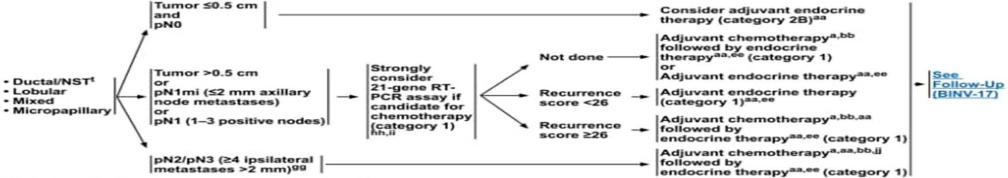
# Premenopausal with score 0 to 15

 Conversely, in the 40% of women 50 years of age or younger who had a recurrence score of 0 to 15, the rate of distant recurrence was approximately 2% at 9 years among those who had been assigned (either randomly or nonrandomly) to endocrine therapy alone.

## Postmenopausal scores;

• . When all recurrence score cohorts (≤10, 11 to 25, and ≥26) and treatment-group assignments were considered, there were significant differences in the rates of invasive disease—free survival, recurrence, and death .

#### SYSTEMIC ADJUVANT TREATMENT: HR-POSITIVE - HER2-NEGATIVE DISEASE<sup>d,q,y</sup> POSTMENOPAUSAL<sup>z</sup> PATIENTS with pT1-3 AND pN0 or pN+ TUMORS



- <sup>a</sup> For tools to aid optimal assessment and management of older adults, see NCCN Guidelines for Older Adult Oncology.
- See Principles of Biomarker Testing (BINV-A).
- See Special Considerations for Breast Cancer in Males (Sex Assigned at Birth) (BINV-J).
- <sup>t</sup> According to WHO, carcinoma of NST encompasses multiple patterns including medullary pattern, cancers with neuroendocrine expression, and other rare patterns.
- Although patients with cancers with 1%-100% ER IHC staining are considered ER-positive and eligible for endocrine therapies, there are more limited data on the subgroup of cancers with ER-low-positive (1%-10%) results. The ER-low-positive group is heterogeneous with reported biologic behavior often similar to ER-negative cancers; thus individualized consideration of risks versus benefits of endocrine therapy and additional adjuvant therapies should be incorporated into decision-making. See Principles of Biomarker Testing (BINV-A).
- See Definition of Menopause (BINV-O).
- aa See Adjuvant Endocrine Therapy (BINV-K)

- bb See Preoperative/Adjuvant Therapy Regimens (BINV-L).
- Consider adjuvant bisphosphonate therapy for risk reduction of distant metastasis for 3–5 years in postmenopausal patients (natural or induced) with high-risk node-negative or node-positive tumors.
- <sup>99</sup> There are few data regarding the role of gene expression assays in those with ≥4 ipsilateral axillary lymph nodes. Decisions to administer adjuvant chemotherapy for this group should be based on clinical factors.
- Other prognostic gene expression assays may be considered to help assess risk of recurrence but have not been validated to predict response to chemotherapy. See Gene Expression Assays for Consideration of Adjuvant Systemic Therapy (BINV-N).
- Patients with T1b tumors with low-grade histology and no lymphovascular invasion should be treated with endocrine monotherapy as the TAILORx trial did not include patients with such tumors.
- Addition of 1 year of adjuvant olaparib is an option for select patients with germline BRCA1/2 mutation after completion of adjuvant chemotherapy. See BINV-L (1 of 8).

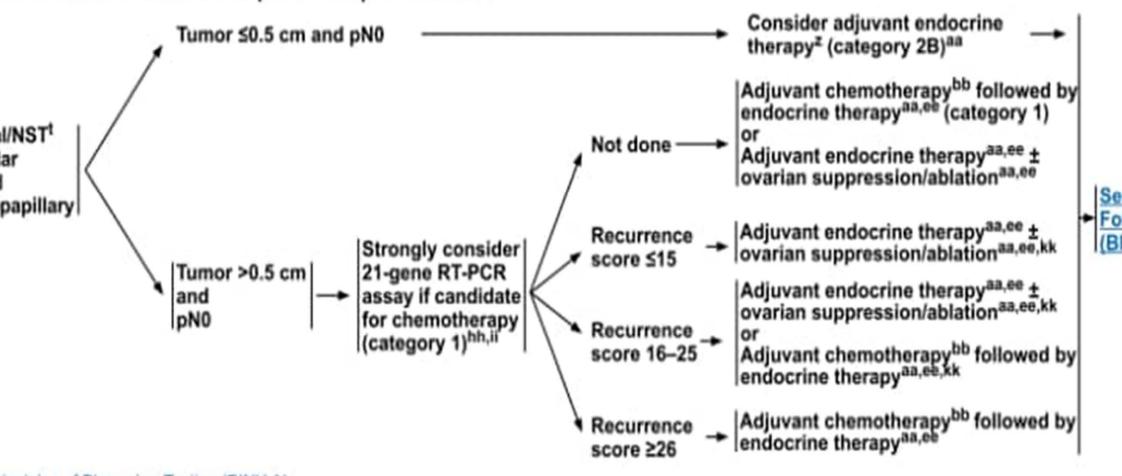
Note: All recommendations are category 2A unless otherwise indicated.

Clinical Trials: NCCN believes that the best management of any patient with cancer is in a clinical trial. Participation in clinical trials is especially encouraged.

## NCCN Guidelines Version 2.2022 Invasive Breast Cancer

NCCN Guidelin Table of

MIC ADJUVANT TREATMENT: HR-POSITIVE - HER2-NEGATIVE DISEASEd, q, y ENOPAUSAL<sup>2</sup> PATIENTS with pT1-3 AND pN0 TUMORS



## Are we dare enough to extend this to N+??

This article was published on December 1, 2021, at NEJM.org. N Engl J Med 2021;385:2336-47. DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa2108873 Copyright © 2021

#### ORIGINAL ARTICLE

# 21-Gene Assay to Inform Chemotherapy Benefit in Node-Positive Breast Cancer

K. Kalinsky, W.E. Barlow, J.R. Gralow, F. Meric-Bernstam, K.S. Albain, D.F. Hayes N.U. Lin, E.A. Perez, L.J. Goldstein, S.K.L. Chia, S. Dhesy-Thind, P. Rastogi, E. Alba, S. Delaloge, M. Martin, C.M. Kelly, M. Ruiz-Borrego, M. Gil-Gil, C.H. Arce-Salinas, E.G.C. Brain, E.-S. Lee, J.-Y. Pierga, B. Bermejo, M. Ramos-Vazquez, K.-H. Jung, J.-M. Ferrero, A.F. Schott, S. Shak, P. Sharma, D.L. Lew, J. Miao, D. Tripathy, L. Pusztai, and G.N. Hortobagyi

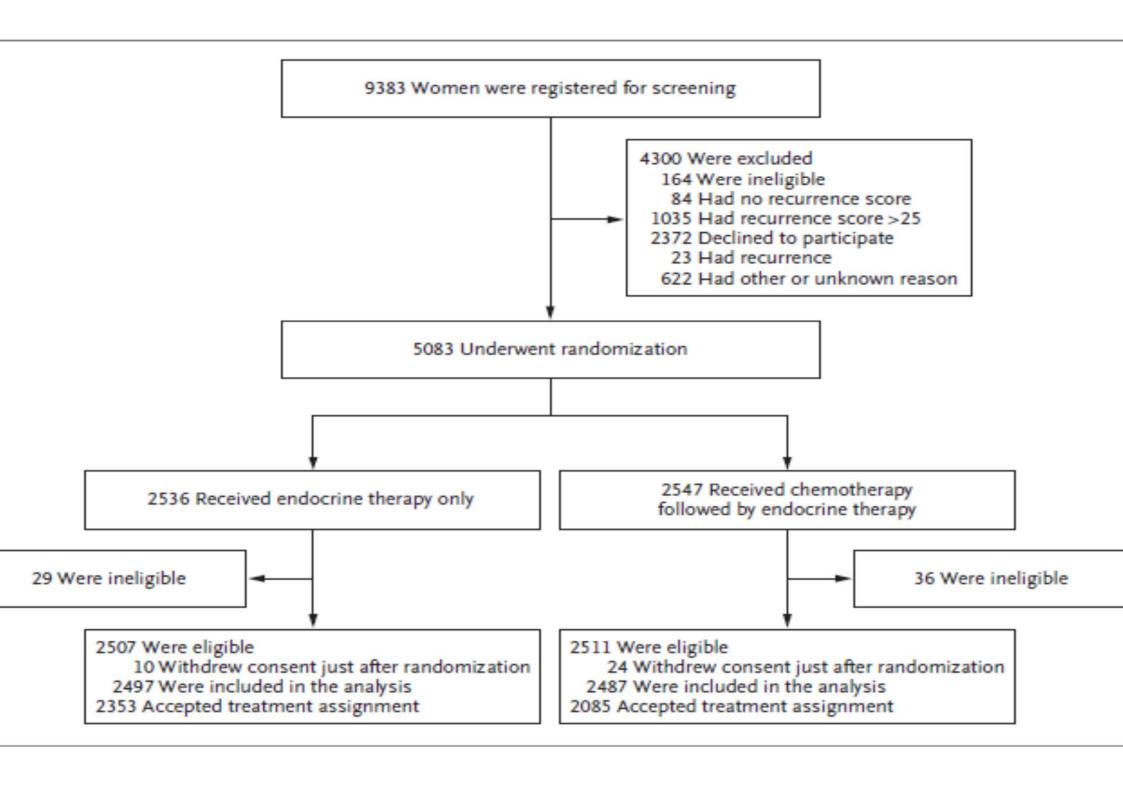
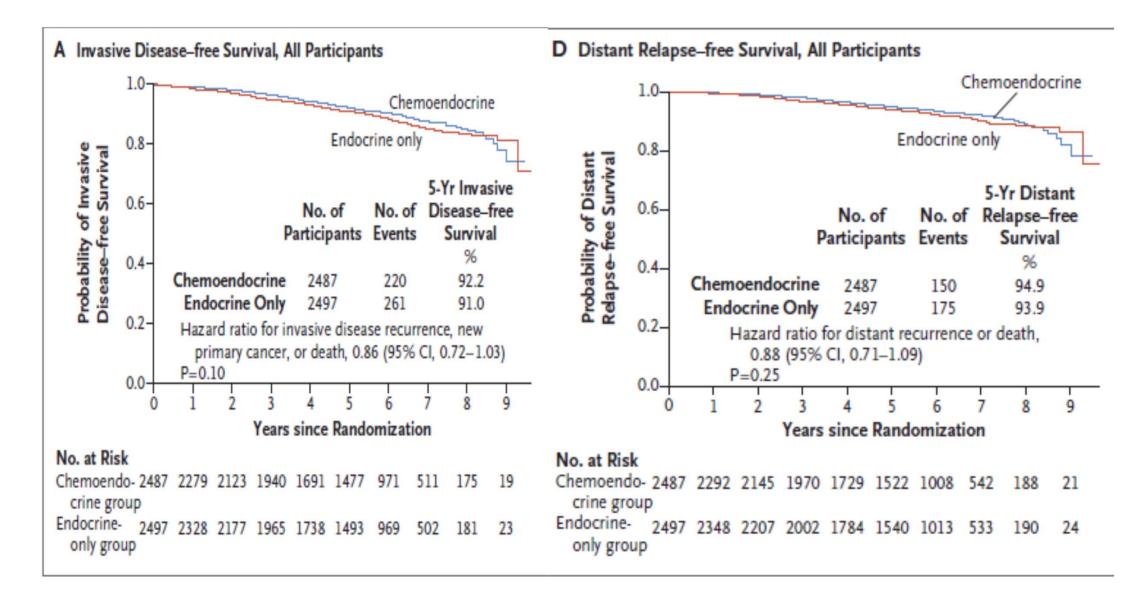
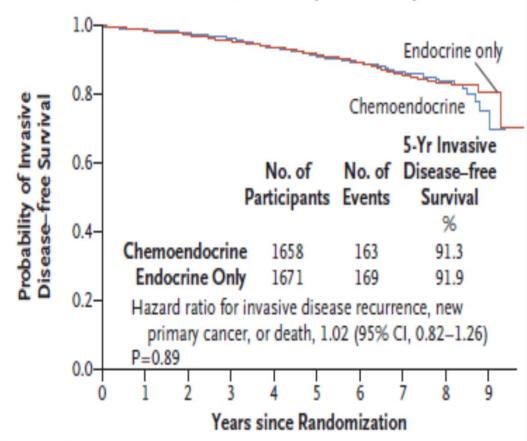


Table 1. Baseline Characteristics of the Participants.\*

| Endocrine-Only<br>Group<br>(N = 2507)<br>57.2 (18.3-86.0)<br>80 (3.2)<br>547 (21.8)<br>838 (33.4) | Chemoendocrine<br>Group<br>(N=2511)<br>57.9 (28.0-87.6)<br>67 (2.7)<br>530 (21.1)                   | All Participants<br>(N = 5018)<br>57.5 (18.3-87.6)  |
|---|---|---|
| 80 (3.2)<br>547 (21.8)  | 67 (2.7)  |   |
| 547 (21.8)  |   | 147 (2.0)   |
| 547 (21.8)  |   | 147 (2.0)   |
|   | 530 (21.1)  | 147 (2.9)   |
| 838 (33.4)  | 330 (21.1)  | 1077 (21.5)   |
|   | 837 (33.3)  | 1675 (33.4)   |
| 761 (30.4)  | 777 (30.9)  | 1538 (30.6)   |
| 281 (11.2)  | 300 (12.0)  | 581 (11.6)  |
|   |   |   |
| 831 (33.1)  | 834 (33.2)  | 1665 (33.2)   |
| 1676 (66.9)   | 1677 (66.8)   | 3353 (66.8)   |
|   |   |   |
| 1071 (42.7)   | 1076 (42.9)   | 2147 (42.8)   |
| 1436 (57.3)   | 1435 (57.1)   | 2871 (57.2)   |
|   |   |   |
| 1571 (62.7)   | 1569 (62.5)   | 3140 (62.6)   |
| 936 (37.3)  | 942 (37.5)  | 1878 (37.4)   |
|   |   |   |
| 1647 (65.7)   | 1628 (64.8)   | 3275 (65.3)   |
| 623 (24.8)  | 643 (25.6)  | 1266 (25.2)   |
|   | 221 (0.2)   |   |
| 229 (9.1)   | 231 (9.2)   | 460 (9.2)   |
|   | 1676 (66.9)<br>1071 (42.7)<br>1436 (57.3)<br>1571 (62.7)<br>936 (37.3)<br>1647 (65.7)<br>623 (24.8) | 1676 (66.9) 1677 (66.8)  1071 (42.7) 1076 (42.9) 1436 (57.3) 1435 (57.1)  1571 (62.7) 1569 (62.5)  936 (37.3) 942 (37.5)  1647 (65.7) 1628 (64.8) |

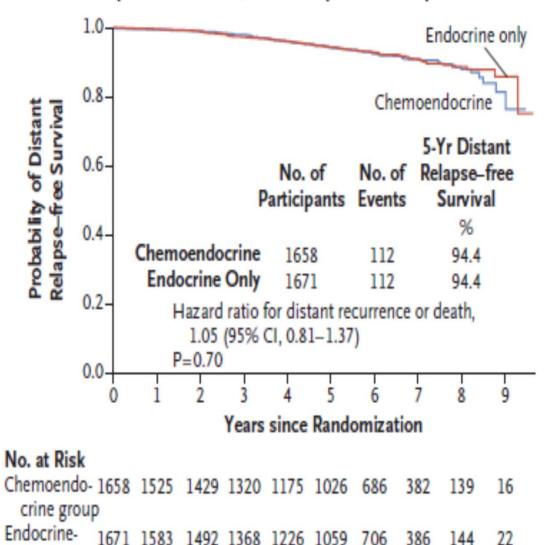


### B Invasive Disease-free Survival, Postmenopausal Participants



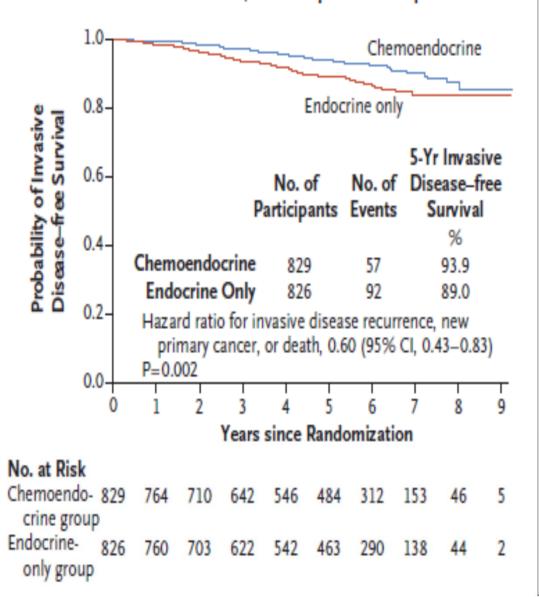
No. at Risk
Chemoendo- 1658 1515 1413 1298 1145 993 659 358 129 14
crine group
Endocrine- 1671 1568 1474 1343 1196 1030 679 364 137 21
only group

### E Distant Relapse-free Survival, Postmenopausal Participants

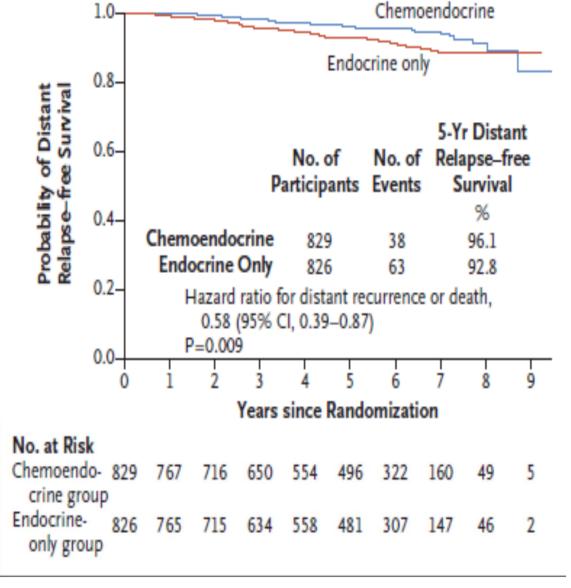


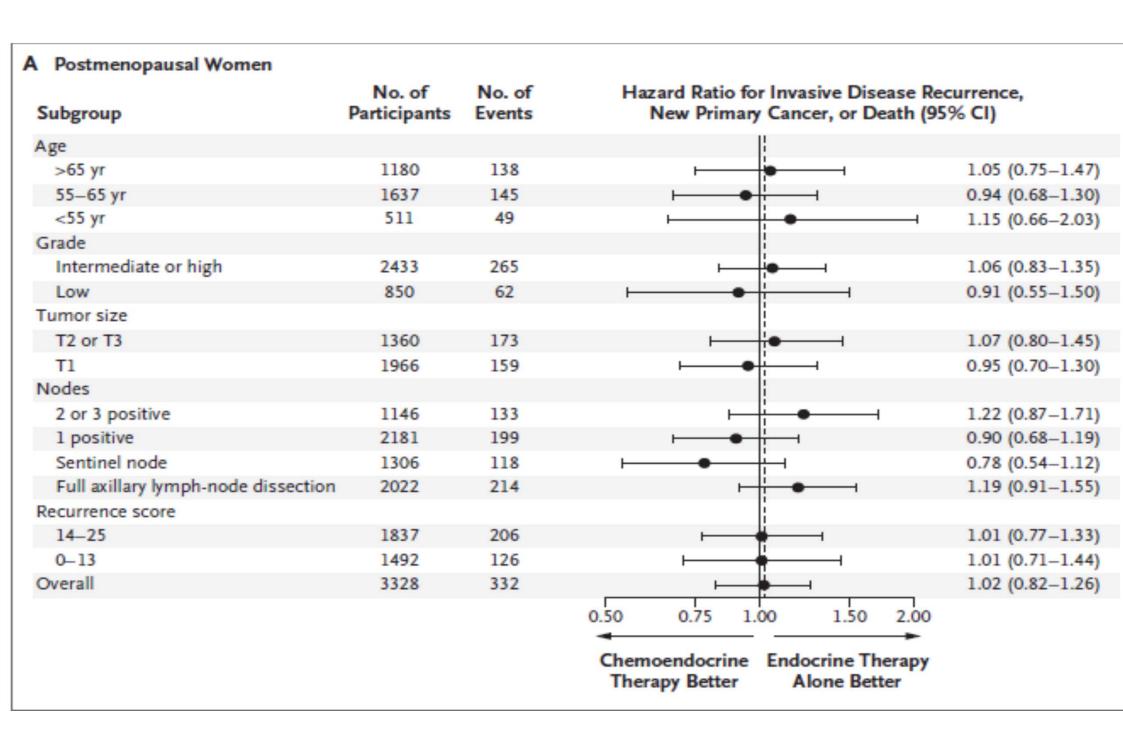
only group

### C Invasive Disease-free Survival, Premenopausal Participants









#### B Premenopausal Women

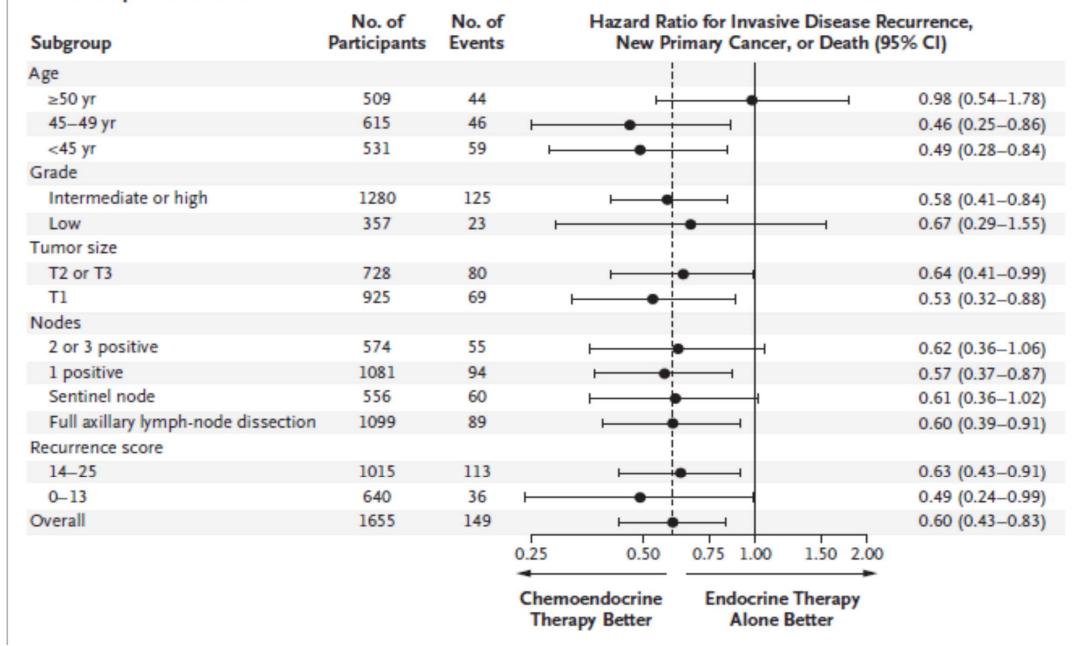


Table 2. Invasive Disease-free Survival, According to Recurrence Score and Treatment (Intention-to-Treat Population).\*

| Recurrence-Score Category and Type of Therapy | No. of<br>Participants | Invasive Disease–free<br>Survival at 5 Yr | Hazard Ratio for Recurrence<br>(95% CI)† |
|---|------------------------|---|--|
|   |                        | percent                                   |  |
| Premenopausal women                           |                        |   |  |
| ≤10, endocrine only                           | 174                    | 92.4±2.2                                  | 0.47 (0.18-1.20)                         |
| ≤10, chemoendocrine                           | 151                    | 96.6±1.7                                  |  |
| 11–15, endocrine only                         | 277                    | 93.3±1.7                                  | 0.68 (0.33-1.37)                         |
| 11-15, chemoendocrine                         | 287                    | 95.5±1.4                                  |  |
| 16–20, endocrine only                         | 254                    | 83.8±2.6                                  | 0.57 (0.35-0.94)                         |
| 16-20, chemoendocrine                         | 269                    | 91.5±1.9                                  |  |
| 21–25, endocrine only                         | 118                    | 85.2±3.6                                  | 0.63 (0.30-1.31)                         |
| 21-25, chemoendocrine                         | 121                    | 92.4±2.8                                  |  |
| Women ≤50 yr                                  |                        |   |  |
| ≤10, endocrine only                           | 145                    | 91.0±2.6                                  | 0.31 (0.10-0.94)                         |
| ≤10, chemoendocrine                           | 135                    | 97.9±1.5                                  |  |
| 11-15, endocrine only                         | 247                    | 93.1±1.8                                  | 0.71 (0.33-1.51)                         |
| 11-15, chemoendocrine                         | 235                    | 95.4±1.6                                  |  |
| 16–20, endocrine only                         | 227                    | 85.1±2.6                                  | 0.58 (0.33-1.00)                         |
| 16-20, chemoendocrine                         | 224                    | 92.2±2.0                                  |  |
| 21-25, endocrine only                         | 107                    | 80.0±4.3                                  | 0.56 (0.27-1.17)                         |
| 21-25, chemoendocrine                         | 98                     | 90.0±3.6                                  |  |

| Postmenopausal women  |     |          |                  |
|-----------------------|-----|----------|------------------|
| ≤10, endocrine only   | 434 | 92.7±1.4 | 0.72 (0.44-1.18) |
| ≤10, chemoendocrine   | 434 | 92.7±1.4 |                  |
| 11–15, endocrine only | 454 | 95.8±1.0 | 1.30 (0.88-1.92) |
| 11-15, chemoendocrine | 524 | 93.5±1.2 |                  |
| 16–20, endocrine only | 525 | 90.8±1.5 | 0.91 (0.57-1.43) |
| 16-20, chemoendocrine | 454 | 93.2±1.3 |                  |
| 21–25, endocrine only | 451 | 93.2±1.3 | 1.13 (0.75-1.70) |
| 21–25, chemoendocrine | 255 | 84.8±2.5 |                  |
| Women >50 yr          |     |          |                  |
| ≤10, endocrine only   | 463 | 93.1±1.3 | 0.78 (0.48-1.26) |
| ≤10, chemoendocrine   | 472 | 95.5±1.0 |                  |
| 11–15, endocrine only | 554 | 93.6±1.1 | 1.22 (0.83-1.79) |
| 11–15, chemoendocrine | 577 | 91.2±1.4 |                  |
| 16–20, endocrine only | 481 | 92.1±1.3 | 0.86 (0.56-1.32) |
| 16–20, chemoendocrine | 496 | 92.8±1.3 |                  |
| 21–25, endocrine only | 266 | 86.9±2.3 | 1.17 (0.77-1.76) |
| 21–25, chemoendocrine | 246 | 81.8±2.7 |                  |